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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/849,397	05/07/2001	Mario Blaum	ARC920000071US1	9457
21254	7590 04/23/2004		EXAM	INER
	& GIBB, PLLC	DILDINE JR, R STEPHEN		
8321 OLD C SUITE 200	OURTHOUSE ROAD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	'A 22182-3817		2133	3
·			DATE MAILED: 04/23/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		J.C.
_	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/849,397	BLAUM ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	R. Stephen Dildine	2133
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply y within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHs cause the application to become ABAN	by be timely filed  O) days will be considered timely.  S from the mailing date of this communication.  DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		•
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 M     2a)□ This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This     3)□ Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters	
Disposition of Claims		•
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-37 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) 26-29 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,10-13,25 and 30 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 2-9,14-24 and 31-37 is/are objected to 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 12 March 2004 is/are:  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	a) accepted or b) object drawing(s) be held in abeyance tion is required if the drawing(s)	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Appority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/	mmary (PTO-413) Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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Note: Reference "N" (Lawren (sic) L Post (JP H11-341066)) of the included form PTO-892 includes a computer generated English translation.

The drawings were received on March 12, 2004. Figures 1-6 of these drawings are acceptable. Figure 7 is objected to because said figure should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. Figure 7 only illustrates a prior art 3½ inch removable computer disc recording media; contrary to applicants' remarks at page 17 of the response, the steps of a program stored thereon are not illustrated in Figure 7, only the prior art medium per se. See MPEP § 608.02(g). A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claims 1, 10-13 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Goode et al. Applicant has based his traverse of this rejection upon the fact that Goode et al. disclose their invention in a time division multiplexing data communication system in contrast to applicants' disclosure of a magnetic recording environment; however, no limitation of a magnetic recording environment is recited in the rejected claims. MPEP 2106 states the following: "Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. In re Prater, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969). See also In re Zletz, 893 F.2d 319, 321-22, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989) ("During patent examination the pending claims must be interpreted as broadly as their terms reasonably allow.... The reason is simply that during patent prosecution when claims can be amended, ambiguities should be recognized, scope and breadth of language explored, and clarification imposed.... An essential purpose of patent examination is to fashion claims that are precise, clear, correct, and unambiguous. Only in this way can uncertainties of claim scope be removed, as much as possible, during the administrative process.")", and "Office personnel should also be especially careful not to read into a claim unclaimed results, limitations or embodiments of an invention. See Carl Zeiss Stiftung v. Renishaw PLC, 945 F.2d 1173, 20 USPQ2d 1094 (Fed. Cir. 1991); In re Krimmel, 292 F.2d 948, 130 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1961)."

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Claims 1, 10-11, 13 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Magnin. Applicant has based his traverse of this rejection upon the fact that Magnin disclose his invention in a PCM system in contrast to applicants' disclosure of a magnetic recording environment; however, no limitation of a magnetic recording environment is recited in the rejected claims. Applicant further bases his traverse upon a lack of a certain Hamming distance between the synchronization patterns of the reference; however, the rejected claims fail to recite any Hamming distance criteria. MPEP 2106 states the following: "Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. In re Prater, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969). See also In re Zletz, 893 F.2d 319, 321-22, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989) ("During patent examination the pending claims must be interpreted as broadly as their terms reasonably allow.... The reason is simply that during patent prosecution when claims can be amended, ambiguities should be recognized, scope and breadth of language explored, and clarification imposed.... An essential purpose of patent examination is to fashion claims that are precise, clear, correct, and unambiguous. Only in this way can uncertainties of claim scope be removed, as much as possible, during the administrative process.")", and "Office personnel should also be especially careful not to read into a claim unclaimed results, limitations or embodiments of an invention. See Carl Zeiss Stiftung v. Renishaw PLC, 945 F.2d 1173, 20 USPQ2d 1094 (Fed. Cir. 1991); In re Krimmel, 292 F.2d 948, 130 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1961)."

## **NEW GROUNDS OF REJECTION**

Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Goode et al. in view of Lawren (sic) L Post (JP H11-341066). The applied reference to Lawren (sic) L Post (JP H11-341066) was published on December 10, 1999 which qualifies the reference under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) since applicants' application was filed more than one year later on May 7, 2001.

Claim 30 is claiming appending a synchronization symbol to random data by means of a signal-bearing medium tangibly embodying a program of machine-readable instructions executable by a digital processing apparatus (i.e. a computer program).

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Goode et al. discloses appending a synchronization symbol to random data ("synchronizing signals or codes be prefixed to or interposed between coded messages" Col. 1, lines 32-33) (Note: to append means attach or affix and includes to prefix and to interpose). Note that Goode et al. mentions at column 4, lines 48 – 50 "Of course, if there is a fixed code for a given application of the system, a fixed- wire program may be 50 utilized in place of switches SI-SN"

Goode et al. lacks or does not expressly disclose use of a computer program to perform said appending of a synchronization symbol to random data.

Post discloses a method "which find the synchronization point of a data stream." (Paragraph [0007]) and further teaches the "process of this invention is the form of the medium of the instruction which can be read by computer" (Paragraph [0031]).

At the time of Applicants' invention, one skilled in the art would have been lead to implement appending a synchronization symbol to random data by a program of computer instructions recorded on a medium as taught by Post because the fixed wire program suggested by the 1966 reference of Goode et al has, over the years, become antiquated and one skilled in the art would naturally seek out a modern way to automate the process.

Claims 2-9, 14-24 and 30-37 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 26-29 are allowed.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Sutardja et al., Krounbi et al., Wakefield et al., Nguyen et al., She et al., Satomura et al., Aoki, Tarbox et al. and Yamada et al. all deal with synchronization in magnetic recording environments.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to R. Stephen Dildine whose telephone number is 703-305-5524. The examiner can normally be reached on M, Tu, Th, F 5:55 am to 4:25 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Albert Decady can be reached on 703-305-9595. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

R. Stephen Dildine Primary Examiner Art Unit 2133

R. Stephen Dildine